Gas main blast routs

families in Wyckoff

ANATOMY OF A WHIRLWIND

Some enlightening facts to demystify nature's dark side

By KEVIN R. RICHARDSON and DAVID SCHWAB

Scientists know much about the causes of tornadoes, but agree there's no telling exactly where they will strike or what damage they will inflict.

They are interesting because they

are so capricious," said Casey Zois, a professor of meteorology at Kean Col-lege in Union. "I've seen instances where a tornado has completely destroyed one side of a street and left the other totally intact."

Meteorologists say tornadoes are violent whirlwinds that tend to develop-when a cold front lifts warm, moist air as it passes over an area. These winds whirl at speeds up to 300 miles an hour. Often they accompany severe thunder-

Tornadoes can vary in width from several hundred feet to about a mile. They move at an average of about 30 mph, according to Zois, who said there are several hundred tornadoes a year in the United States.

Tornadoes in the Garden State are

relatively rare, according to authorities. Fortunately, when they have hit they have caused few, if any, serious injuries, the experts added.

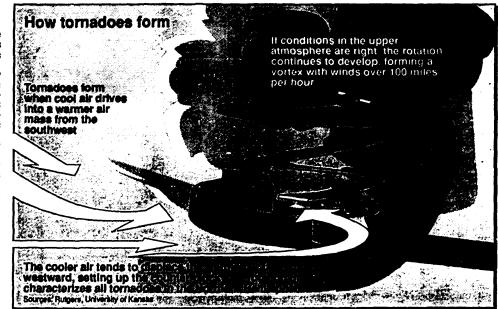
Nathan Reiss, an associate professor of meteorology at Rutgers University in New Brunswick, said there are an average of five confirmed reports of tornadoes each year in New Jersey. Most occur between April and October,

There have been three reported tornado episodes this year, and that does not appear out of the ordinary, ac-cording to Reiss. Because tornadoes are so infrequent and unpredictable, a year may go by without a report while there may be 10 the next year, he said. Tornadoes in New Jersey also tend

to be short-lived, often measured in minutes of duration and tenths of miles in distance traveled

Nationally, tornadoes are five times more likely to strike in areas of the Midwest than the Northeast. And, there, they tend to be more severe and capable of traveling greater distances.

Not all reports of tornadoes are confirmed later by experts from the National Weather Service. They look for signs of a tornado's distinctive cyclical wind patterns and hit-or-miss action-like tractor trailers blown in a



homes in two retirement villages in Berkeley Township on June 29, 1982. Another tornado on July 13, 1975, caused \$10 million worth of damage in

Tornadoes have proven they honor

no landmarks or boundaries. A twister

dubbed the "Bicentennial Tornado"

touched down in Bayonne on July 7,

1976, within sight of the Statue of Liberty. It tossed around some tractor-

trailers at a pier before heading over

Cumberland County.

circle while trees nearby show no dam-

Tornadoes tend to avoid cities and heavily developed areas, possibly be-cause tall buildings can hamper their development. They usually spring up in open fields and near waterways, according to experts.

In the three earlier confirmations

this year of tornadoes in New Jersey, no injuries were reported.

The most recent struck the Wood-bridge-Perth Amboy area in August. The month before three tornadoes touched down in areas of Passaic and

Bergen counties, including near the George Washington Bridge.
In both episodes, tornadoes almost instantaneously left a narrow path of destruction, ripping up trees, roofs, and power lines. Damage was estimated in the millings of deliges of the county of the county of the millings of deliges. the millions of dollars.

A tornado touched down in Phila-

delphia in June and skipped across the Delaware River to Camden, where it caused minor damage to some homes. The last time a tornado caused

any serious injury in the state was Au-

gust 1941, when a tornado left a 75-mile path of destruction from Gloucester to Middlesex county, according to infor-mation provided by the NWS. One per-son was killed near Woodbridge and 25 others were injured. others were injured.

Since the mid-1700s there have been reports of tornadoes producing the most startling kinds of damage, according to accounts in the New Jersey Weather Book.

Six persons were killed on Aug. 23, 1885, in the Camden area in a fury of wind and rain that was described in contemporary accounts as raking the ground like the fire of a cannon.

On July 22, 1903, a dark, dense cloud descended from the hills near Paterson and, in less than ten minutes, skipped over the area, demolishing 30 buildings and damaging 300 others. Four persons were killed and 25 others hospitalized.

More recently, a tornado bent flagpoles and damaged about 100 fiery explosion in an underground gas main as a storm raged through Wyckoff yesterday, forcing 20 families from their homes.

By PATRICIA CAPPON

Fallen electrical wires triggered a

The rupture in the gas line that runs along Lawlins Road occurred about noon as heavy winds and rain battered the Bergen County town, rip-

ping through a warehouse roof and downing trees and power lines. The gas main fire was sparked by electrical wire that came down and burned through the ground above the gas line, causing a rupture, said John Yoder, a spokesman for Rockland Elec-tric Co.

"When a wire sparks, it will ac-tually burn a hole in the ground," he

The electrical wires and transformers that caused the fire came down with telephone lines when the wind snapped two utility poles, said Wyckoff Administrator Bob Shannon,

emergency management coordinator.
The storm blacked out about 510 homes in the Wyckoff area, Shannon

Yoder said he expected that power would be restored to all homes by mid-

day today.
With the smell of gas thick in the air, families were evacuated as a pre-caution, said Wyckoff Police Capt. John Ydo. There were no explosions and no injuries were reported, he said.

"The young officer who saw that gas main blow was very excited on the radio, that he needed assistance and that there were flames shooting into the trees," Ydo said. The blaze was extinguished quick-

ly by firefighters, he said.

By 4 p.m., crews from Public

Service Electric & Gas Co. had turned off the gas in a line leading to the rupture and the fire burned out, Ydo sald.

All but four families were allowed to return to their homes at that time. The four remaining families may be permitted back in today, he said.

"There is a danger until we can get that gas shut off," he said. "They will remain evacuated until we can be assured there's no threat."

Some telephones lines were damaged by fire and several other power lines were down in the area, Ydo said. lines were down in the area, Yd Two cars were damaged by falling

During the evacuation, some families sought shelter in the firehouse, but most went to the homes of friends and relatives, he said.

The force of the storm momentarily lifted up the roof of the ware-house at the Ribbon & Ticker Paper Co. at 205 Braen Ave., about six or seven inches, blowing out the skylights. Water surged through the gaping holes in the roof and damaged numerous cases of product, leaving "a mess" in its wake, said company salesman Paul Hoben.

None of the company's 30 employees was in the building at the time,

A building inspector from Haw-thorne ordered the building closed until roof repairs could be made, Hoben said. He said he expected the company to open as usual this morning.

"We've been in business for 95 years and we've been through worse," he said. .





452-5755

SHOWCASE HOURS: MON. THRU FRI. 10-9 P.M., SAT. 10-5 P.M., SUN. 12-5 P.M